

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARYMENT OF COMMERCE United States Pateu and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONED FOR PATENTS DO BOX 143. Alexandru, Virgnia 22313-1450 www.uspix.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/016,900	12/14/2001	GopalaKrishna Reddy Kakivaya	MSFT-0735/183222.1	9589
WOODCOCK WASHBURN LLP (MICROSOFT CORPORATION) CIRA CENTRE, 12TH FLOOR 2929 ARCH STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19104-2891			EXAMINER	
			REFAI, RAMSEY	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		2152		
				V. VODE
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		02/27/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/016,900	KAKIVAYA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Ramsey Refai	2152				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 February 2007</u> .						
, =						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-22 and 24-35</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) 1.3-22 and 24-35 is/are rejected.	<u></u>					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:						

Application/Control Number: 10/016,900 Page 2

Art Unit: 2152

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Responsive to Request for Continued Examination (RCE) filed February 7, 2007. Claims 1, 24, and 32 have been amended. Claims 1, 3-22, and 24-35 remain pending further examination.

Response to Arguments

- 1. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
 - In the remarks, the Applicant argues in substance:

Argument: Bracho does not teach determining the order of events on the basis of sequence numbers; the cited portion of Bracho teaches that duplicate events are discarded on the basis of sequence numbers, but not that the sequence numbers are used for ordering events.

Furthermore, Bracho et al do not teach the sequence numbers are on a per subscription basis.

In response, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. As is well known to one skilled in the art, a sequence number is used to determine order. Bracho et al's discarding of duplicate events based on the sequence number clearly teaches that the sequence number is used to determine the order of the events (See column 14, lines 14-17). Furthermore in Figure 9, Bracho et al teach routing blocks for each event. The routing information includes a sixty-four-bit sequence number initially assigned to the event by the publisher. (See Fig. 9, column 15, lines 36-39) Therefore, Bracho meets the scope of the claimed limitation.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 3 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 3 depends on canceled claim 2. Appropriate correction is required. For examination purposes, claim 3 will be taken to depend from claim 1.

Application/Control Number: 10/016,900 Page 3

Art Unit: 2152

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 3 recites the limitations "" the sequence number", " the events", " the at least two event messages" There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 3 is also indefinite because it is unclear whether the "at least two event messages" recited in claim 3 is the same as the "at least two event messages" recited in parent claim 1. Clarification is requested.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 6. Claims 1, 3-4, 6-16, 18-22, 24-26, 28-32, and 34-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bracho et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,974,417).
- 7. As per claims 1 and 23, Bracho et al teach a method for receiving event notification in a network, comprising:

subscribing to a first event source to create an event subscription (column 4, lines 50-52, abstract);

Application/Control Number: 10/016,900

Art Unit: 2152

receiving at least two event messages(column 2, lines 17-20, abstract) each comprising a subscription based sequence number and a time stamp from the first even when events occur at the first event source(Figure 9, abstract); and

Page 4

determining the order of events within the first event source on the basis of the sequence number within the at least two event messages (Figure 9, column 14, lines 6-18, abstract); and

revoking the event subscription (column 7, line 15).

8. As per claim 3, Bracho et al teach subscribing to a second event source;

receiving at least two event messages each comprising a sequence number and a time stamp from the second event source when second events occur at the second event source (Figure 9, column 14, lines 6-18, column 10, lines 1-19);

determining the order of events within the second event source on the basis of the sequence number within the at least two event messages from the second event source (Figure 9, column 14, lines 6-18, column 10, lines 1-19); and

ordering the events from the second event source with respect to the first event source on the basis of the time stamp within each of the at least two event messages from the first event source and the at least two second event messages from the second event source (column 7, lines 55-67, column 6, lines 55-67, column 10, lines 1-19).

- 9. As per claim 4, Bracho et al teach wherein the received event messages are described with a Type Description Language (column 4, lines 45-47).
- 10. As per claim 6, Bracho et al teach wherein the received event messages can convey both absolute and relative values (column 11, line 40-60).

Application/Control Number: 10/016,900

Art Unit: 2152

11. As per claim 7, Bracho et al teach wherein the first event source defines the events raised by the first event source as a name-type pair (column 4, lines 50-63, column 6, lines 55-

Page 5

67).

12. As per claim 8, Bracho et al teach wherein the event source and an event sink are identified using standard types IEventSource and IeventSink, respectively (column 12, lines 4-42).

- 13. As per claim 9, Bracho et al teach wherein the first event source supports filtering of events raised by the first event source (column 8, lines 17-30).
- 14. As per claim 10, Bracho et al teach wherein a subscriber can establish an event filter as part of an initial subscription (column 8, lines 17-30).
- 15. As per claim 11, Bracho et al wherein a subscriber can update an event filter established as part of an initial subscription (column 8, lines 17-30, column 11, line 1-5).
- 16. As per claim 12, Bracho et al teach wherein the Type Description Language comprises a markup language (column 4, lines 45-47).
- 17. As per claim 13, Bracho et al teach wherein the first event source messages are one-way messages (column 14, line 63- column 15, line 17).
- 18. As per claim 14, Bracho et al teach wherein the event subscription is made to the first event source by way of an intermediary (column 14, line 63- column 15, line 17).
- 19. As per claim 15, Bracho et al teach wherein the event is received through an intermediary (column 8, line 30-50).
- 20. As per claim 16, Bracho et al teach wherein the event subscription is defined in a type description language (column 4, lines 45-47).
- 21. As per claim 18, Bracho et al wherein the first event source is an object on a digital device (column 4, lines 1-39).

Application/Control Number: 10/016,900 Page 6

Art Unit: 2152

22. As per claim 19, Bracho et al teach comprising setting a lease term after an expiration of which the first event source discontinues transmission of event messages (column 7, line 15, column 23).

- 23. As per claim 20, Bracho et al teach comprising sending a renewal message to renew the lease term (column 7, line 1-15).
- 24. As per claim 21, Bracho et al teach wherein the network is an intranet (Figure 1, column 4, line 40-50).
- 25. As per claim 22, Bracho et al teach wherein the network is the Internet (Figure 1, column 4, line 40-50).
- 26. As per claims 24-26, 28-31, and 34-35, these claims are similar to claims 1, 2, 4, 13, 14, and 19-21 above, therefore are rejected under the same rationale.
- 27. As per claim 32, Bracho teaches a method for using services in a computer network comprising:

subscribing to an event on a first digital device (column 4, lines 50-52, abstract);

receiving an indication in a type description language comprising a time stamp and a subscription based sequence number that the event has occurred on the first digital device (Figure 9, column 14, lines 6-18, column 10, lines 1-19); and

requesting a server to be performed by the first digital device after receiving the indication that the event has occurred (column 5, lines 10-11).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

28. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a

Art Unit: 2152

person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 29. Claims 5, 17, 27, and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bracho et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,974,417)
- 30. As per claim 5, Bracho et al fail to teach wherein the received event messages are delivered as SOAP messages.

However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to combine the use of SOAP messages in Bracho et al because doing so would create a broader and simpler network by allowing programs of different operating systems and protocols to transfer event messages with one another.

31. As per claims 17, 27, and 33, Bracho et al fail to teach the use of extensible markup language.

However, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to include extensible Markup Language because lets Web developers and designers create tags that offer greater flexibility in organizing and presenting information than is possible with the older HTML document coding system.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ramsey Refai whose telephone number is (571) 272-3975. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 - 5:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bunjob Jaroenchonwanit can be reached on (571) 272-3913. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2152

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Ramsey Refai Examiner Art Unit 2152 February 11, 2007

> BUNJÓB JAROENCHONWANII UPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER